

The European Wergeland Centre (EWC)

- We promote education as a path to democracy, human rights and intercultural understanding.
- The center was established by The Council of Europe and Norway in 2008.
- Our work is based on Council of Europe standards and materials. We bridge policy and practice.
- We work with 50 partners in the field ranging from authorities, universities, teacher training centers, to NGOs/CSOs.



HOT OR COLD



Climate change

Woke

Gaza

Abortion

Russia

Feminism

Charles Kirk

Sex

Migration

Trump

Racism

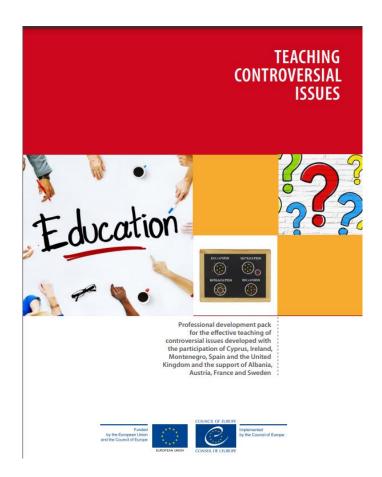




Controversial issues

"Issues which arouse strong feelings and divide opinion in communities and society"

- Kerr D. og Huddelston T. m.fl, 2016



The context

1. Lack of trust in democratic institutions

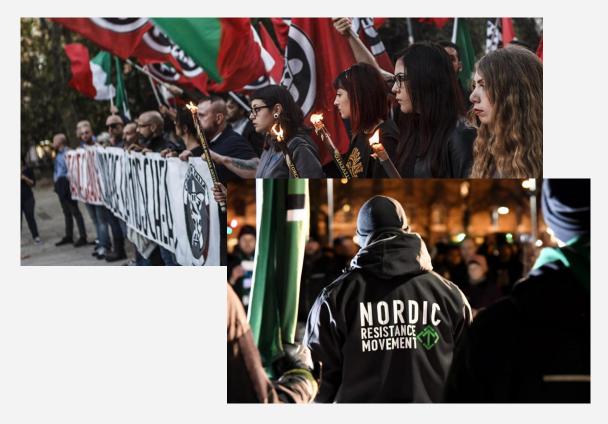




THE CONTEXT

2. Polarization, hate speech, xenophobia





Debatt Skol

Berøringsangst og taushet truer demokratiopplæringen i skolen





san ane anseptier as vernostato og jungarines ar varigere xar. Het hat skolen et vikug oppurag, sanvet hette Cinisum syntas, iedet i skol Strasjonsfoto: Gorm Kallestad, NTB

> Frykten for å bli misforstått gjør både lærere og elever mer forsiktige.

Publisert: 04.11.2024 22:00

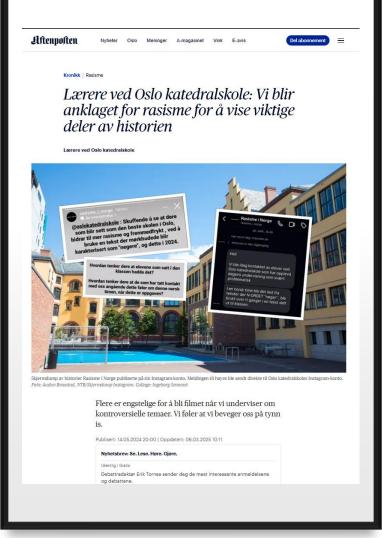
Nyhetsbrev: Se. Lese. Høre. Gjøre.

Ukentlig | Gratis

Debattredaktør Erik Tornes sender deg de mest interessante anmeldelsene og debattene.

+ Meld deg på

Lærernes oppgave er å legge til rette for godt ytringsklima og trene elevene i å delta i den demokratiske samtalen. For sommeren fortalte lærerne ved Oslo katedralskole at de ble anklaget for rasisme for å vise deler av historien. Kronikken høstet debatt og motbør,

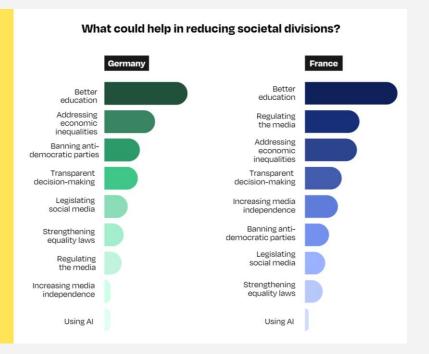


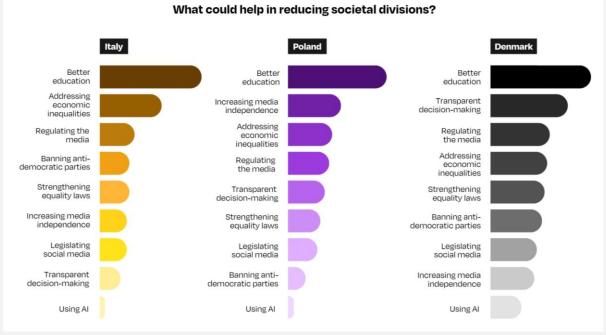


Possible solutions:

education tops the list

Asked how best to counter societal divisions, participants overwhelmingly choose improving education as their first line of defence.







Potential challenges - statement from teachers

- → Heated discussions with a lot of emotions
- → Lack of overview or sufficient knowledge about the topic
- → Uncertainty about one's own role
- → Insensitive comments or jokes
- → Not enough time to "close" the discussion or topic
- → Concerned about parents' reactions



Why **still** teach controversial issues?

To strengthen education in democracy and citizenship, and to boost children's and young people's political self-efficacy.

→ Practictice democratic dialogue: listeining, reconsidering own views, learning about others, learning about oneself

→ Training the muscle that can address important (difficult?) topics

- → Think critically and analytically
- → Often engaing topics





Teaching controversial issues → **Goal:** Open, respectful classroom climate

Preparation

Know multiple perspectives
Gather reliable info

Self-Reflection

Check your biases
Try to stay objective

Dialogue

Make clear rules with the group Start safe, maybe with related topics Encourage multiple viewpoints

Case Studies, Simulations & Role-Play

To understand complex societal issues
Build emphaty and deeper understanding

Practice & Manage

Lead discussions confidently
Pause if heated
Debrief afterwards

Break it down

What is this really about?
Which perspectives exist?
What arguments support each side?
Encourage critical thinking by exploring strengths and weaknesses in different viewpoints.

School Support

Leadership backing

Make controversial topics part of learning



Learning about, through, and for democracy





An example from Norway: 22. of july and democratic citizenship

- → Building democracy where democracy has been tested
- → Three day workshop with learnig about the events and...
 - → Talking about controversial issues
 - → Learning to respond to hate speech
 - → Strenthen political self-efficacy
- → Democracy workshop for
 - → teachers and student
 - → youth councils and youth organisations
 - > courses for teachers and teacher students





Example on activity from democracy workshop: How to respond to hate speech



Through this activity, we had the opportunity to develop empathy, understand the perspectives of those who experience hate speech, and experiment with different strategies to cope with such situations.

This helps to create a more inclusive and respectful society by building us up with the tools we need to face hate speech everyday.

- Johan, 15 years





Dialogue sheet: How to respond to hate speech

- Collaborative learning
- Practice perspective-taking
- Training on how to react in different situations







Four ways to respond to hate speech

- **≻**Ignore
- **≻**Report
- >Tell friends
- **≻**Answer







Thank you!